## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended January 31, 1998	
OR	
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(0 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	(t
For the transition period from to	·
Commission File Number 1-5725	
QUANEX CORPORATION	
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charte	
DELAWARE 38	8-1872178
(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. E	Employer cation No.)
1900 West Loop South, Suite 1500, Houston, Texas 770	927
(Address of principal executive offices and zip code	e)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (713)	961-4600
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all a required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exc 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period a registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been stiling requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No	change Act of that the
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's common stock, as of the latest practicable date.	s classes of
Class Outstanding at Janua	ary 31, 1998
Common Stock, par value \$0.50 per share 14,107,04	46

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#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

# QUANEX CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

	January 31, 1998	October 31, 1997
	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and equivalents	\$ 43,080 70,294 66,665 7,628 2,532	\$ 26,851 80,089 73,035 5,601 1,320
Total current assets	190,199	186,896
Property, plant and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	651,201	642,854
and amortization	(273, 406)	(263,783)
Property, plant and equipment, net	377,795	379,071
Goodwill, net	95,705  15,774  \$ 679,473 =======	91,496 13,554 14,688  \$ 685,705
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Income taxes payable Accrued expenses	65,321 7,565 38,199	71,317 8,503 43,208
Current maturities of long-term debt	9,586	11,050
Total current liabilities	120,671	134,078
Long-term debt  Deferred pension credits  Deferred postretirement welfare benefits  Deferred income taxes  Other liabilities	191,482 6,610 6,863 51,197 19,248	201,858 6,627 6,835 48,111 19,373
Total liabilities	396,071	416,882
Stockholders' equity: Common stock, \$.50 par value	7,054 106,681 170,171 (206) (298)	7,025 105,146 156,528 422 (298)
Total stockholders' equity	283,402	268,823
	\$ 679,473 ======	\$ 685,705 ======

# QUANEX CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended January 31,	
	1998	1997
	(Unau	dited)
Net sales	\$ 180,982	\$ 167,955
Cost of sales	154,282	138,497
expense  Depreciation and amortization	11,340 10,567	10,814 9,613
Operating income	4,793	9,031
Interest expense	(3,744) 1,477	(4,851) 618
Other, net  Income from continuing operations	1,001	391
before income taxes	3,527 (1,234)	5,189 (1,817)
Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations, net of	2,293	3,372
income taxes		954
Net income	13,606  \$ 15,899	\$ 4,326
Net Income	=======	=======
Earnings per common share: Basic:		
Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$ 0.16 	\$ 0.25 0.07
operations	0.97	
Total basic net earnings	\$ 1.13 =======	\$ 0.32 ======
Diluted: Continuing operations Discontinued operations Gain on sale of discontinued operations	\$ 0.16  0.95	\$ 0.24 0.07
Total diluted net earnings	\$ 1.11 ======	\$ 0.31 =======
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic	14,085	13,646
Diluted	14,284 ======	13,932 =======

# QUANEX CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (In thousands)

	Three Months Ended January 31,	
	1998	1997
	(Unau	dited)
Operating activities: Net income	\$ 15,899	\$ 4,326
Income from discontinued operations Gain on sale of discontinued operations Depreciation and amortization Deferred income taxes Deferred pension costs Deferred postretirement welfare benefits	(13,606) 10,708 3,086 (17) 28	(954)  9,763 (1,271) 142 140
Changes in assets and liabilities net of effects from acquisitions and dispositions:	16,098	12,146
Decrease in accounts and notes receivable Decrease in inventory Decrease in accounts payable Decrease in accrued expenses Other, net	10,812 3,615 (5,579) (8,786) (4,358)	6,933 1,310 (7,543) (9,133) 514
Cash provided by continuing operations	11,802	4,227 (9,976)
Cash provided (used) by operating activities	11,802	(5,749)
Proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations	31,434	
net of retirements	(13,774)  (1,297)	(17,819) (504) (5,780)
Cash provided by (used in) investment activities	16,363	(24,103)
investment activities	28,165	(29,852)
Financing activities: Bank borrowings (repayments), net	(11,244) (2,256) 1,564	30,000 (2,051) 2,289 831
Cash provided (used) in financing activities	(11,936)	31,069
Increase in cash and equivalents  Cash and equivalents at beginning of period	16,229 26,851	1,217 35,962
Cash and equivalents at end of period	\$ 43,080 ======	\$ 37,179 ======
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for:	•	
Interest	\$ 5,183 \$ 1,245	\$ 6,448 \$ 1,140

#### 1. Accounting Policies

The interim consolidated financial statements of Quanex Corporation and subsidiaries are unaudited, but include all adjustments which the Company deems necessary for a fair presentation of its financial position and results of operations. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year. All significant accounting policies conform to those previously set forth in the Company's fiscal 1997 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as amended, which is incorporated by reference. Certain amounts for prior periods have been reclassified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements to conform to 1998 classifications.

#### 2. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:	January 31, 1998	October 31, 1997
	(In th	ousands)
Raw materials Finished goods and work in process	\$21,262 38,970	\$19,432 47,739
	60,232	67,171
Other	6,433	5,864
	\$66,665 ======	\$73,035 =====

The values of inventories in the consolidated balance sheets are based on the following accounting methods:

	======	======
	\$66,665	\$73,035
FIF0	21,680	21,518
LIFO	\$44,985	\$51,517

With respect to inventories valued using the LIFO method, replacement cost exceeded the LIFO value by approximately \$19 million at January 31, 1998, and \$16 million at October 31, 1997.

#### 3. Acquisition

On October 29, 1997, the Company, through its Dutch subsidiary, Piper Impact Europe B.V. ("Piper Europe"), acquired the net assets of Advanced Metal Forming C.V., a Dutch limited partnership, for approximately \$30 million. Based on preliminary purchase accounting, the goodwill associated with Piper Europe is approximately NLG 26 million or \$13 million as of January 31, 1998.

Piper Europe produces aluminum impact extrusions and precision steel stampings for the automotive and electronics industries in Europe and North America. Piper Europe employs approximately 260 people, and its manufacturing facilities are located near Zwolle in The Netherlands.

#### 4. Long-Term Debt and Financing Arrangements

The Company has an unsecured \$250 million Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement ("Bank Agreement"). The Bank Agreement consists of a revolving line of credit ("Revolver"). In July 1997, the term loan provisions of the Bank Agreement expired. The Bank Agreement expires July 23, 2002, and provides for up to \$25 million for standby letters of credit, limited to the undrawn amount available under the Revolver. All borrowings under the Revolver bear interest, at the option of the Company, at either (a) the Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Rate plus one percent, whichever is higher, or (b) a Eurodollar-based Rate. At January 31, 1998, the Company had \$90 million outstanding under the Revolver.

On October 28, 1997, Piper Europe executed a stand-alone secured credit facility ("Credit Facility") providing up to 50 million Dutch Guilders ("NLG"). At January 31, 1998, 1 NLG was equal to 0.485 U.S. dollars. The Credit Facility consists of a Roll-Over Term Loan, a Medium Term Loan and an Overdraft Facility. The Roll-Over Term Loan provides NLG 15 million for loan periods of 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 months with repayment of outstanding borrowings on October 27, 2002. Interest is payable on the repayment date at the Amsterdam Interbank Offering Rate (AIBOR) plus 90 basis points. In the case of a loan period of twelve months, interest is payable six months after the beginning of the loan period and on the repayment date. The Medium Term Loan provides NLG 15 million at 6.375% payable quarterly in arrears from March 1, 1998, with quarterly repayments of principal in equal amounts of NLG 500 thousand commencing January 1, 1999 through April 1, 2006. The Overdraft Facility provides an aggregate amount of NLG 20 million to cover overdrafts or up to NLG 15 million of loans for a period of one year, subject to annual renewal. Overdrafts bear interest at the Bank's published rate for overdraft facilities plus 1% per annum. Loans under the Overdraft Facility bear interest at AIBOR plus 45 to 55 basis points. The terms of Overdraft Facility loans are selected by Piper Europe to be a period of 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 months. Interest on overdrafts are paid quarterly in arrears. Interest on loans under the Overdraft Facility is payable on the repayment date, however, in the case of a loan period of twelve months, interest is payable six months after the beginning of the loan period and on the repayment date. At January 31, 1998, Piper Europe had NLG 32.3 million outstanding under the Credit Facility.

#### 5. Discontinued Operations

In April 1997, the Company completed the sale of its LaSalle Steel Company ("LaSalle") subsidiary. The Company recorded an after tax gain on the sale of \$36.3 million in the second quarter of fiscal 1997. In the first quarter of 1998, an additional after tax gain of \$833 thousand was recorded as a result of post-closing adjustments. LaSalle's results of operations have been reclassified as discontinued operations in the prior period and prior periods have been restated. For business segment reporting purposes, LaSalle's data was previously classified as "Cold Finished Steel Bars".

In December 1997, the Company completed the sale of its tubing operations, comprised of Michigan Seamless Tube, Gulf States Tube and the Tube Group Administrative Office ("Tubing Operations"). The sale was effective November 1, 1997. The Company recorded a net gain on the sale of \$12.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 1998. Included in the gain is an accrual for the Company's best estimate of potential environmental clean-up costs at one of the discontinued operating facilities. Results of these operations have been reclassified as discontinued operations in the prior period and prior periods have been restated. For business segment reporting purposes, Tubing Operations were previously classified as "Steel Tubes".

Net sales and income from discontinued operations are as follows:

	January 31, 1997 (In Thousands)
Net sales  Income before income taxes  Income tax expense  Income from discontinued operations	\$ 65,227 ======= 1,467 (513)  \$ 954 =======
Net Assets of Discontinued Operations	October 31, 1997 (In Thousands)
Current assets	\$ 24,388 17,357 2,784 (11,241) (4,373) (22,406) 6,718 327
· ·	======

#### 6. Earnings Per Share

In February 1997, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128- "Earnings per Share" ("SFAS 128") which establishes new standards for computing, presenting and disclosing earnings per share ("EPS"). This statement requires presentation of EPS as basic and diluted earnings and restatement of all prior-period EPS data presented herein.

The following tables present information necessary to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share per FAS 128 for the periods indicated (in thousands except per share amounts):

	For the Quarter Ended January 31, 1998			
	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share Amount	
BASIC EPS Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations Gain on sale of discont. operations	\$ 2,293 - 13,606	14,085	\$ 0.16 - 0.97	
Total basic net earnings	\$15,899 ======		\$ 1.13 =====	
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES  Effect of common stock equivalents  arising from stock options	-	199		
DILUTED EPS Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations Gain on sale of discont. operations  Total diluted net earnings	\$ 2,293 - 13,606  \$15,899 ======	14, 284	\$ 0.16 0.95  \$ 1.11 ======	
	For the Quarter Ended January 31, 1997			
	Income	Shares (Denominator)	Per-Share	
BASIC EPS Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations Gain on sale of discont. operations Total basic net earnings	\$ 3,372 954 - - \$ 4,326 ======	13,646	\$ 0.25 0.07 - \$ 0.32	
EFFECT OF DILUTIVE SECURITIES  Effect of common stock equivalents  arising from stock options	-	286		
DILUTED EPS Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations Gain on sale of discont. operations	\$ 3,372 954 -	13,932	\$ 0.24 0.07	
Total diluted net earnings	\$ 4,326		\$ 0.31	

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Conversion of the Company's 6.88% convertible subordinated debentures into common stock was not considered in the computation of diluted EPS because it was antidilutive for the periods presented above.

#### 7. Industry Segment Information

Quanex is principally a specialized metals and metal products producer. The Company's continuing operations primarily consists of two segments: engineered steel bars and aluminum products.

Three Months Ended January 31, 1998	Engineered Steel Bars	Aluminum Products	Corporate and Other(1)	Consolidated
		(In thousands)		
Net Sales: To unaffiliated companies Intersegment(2)	\$ 79,197 894	\$ 101,785 	\$ (894)	\$ 180,982 
Total	\$ 80,091	\$ 101,785	\$ (894)	\$ 180,982
Operating income (loss)	\$ 11,759 ======	\$ (2,641) =======	\$ (4,325) =======	\$ 4,793 =======
Three Months Ended January 31, 1997	Engineered Steel Bars	Aluminum Products	Corporate and Other(1)	Consolidated
Net Sales:		(In thousands)		
To unaffiliated companies Intersegment(2)	\$ 68,195 4,292	\$ 99,760 	\$ (4,292)(3)	\$ 167,955 
Total	\$ 72,487 =======	\$ 99,760 ======	\$ (4,292)	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 9,640 ======	\$ 3,214 =======	\$ (3,823) =======	\$ 9,031 ======

<sup>(1)</sup>Included in "Corporate and Other" are intersegment eliminations and corporate expenses.

<sup>(2)</sup>Intersegment sales are conducted on an arm's-length basis.

<sup>(3)</sup>Includes intersegment sales of \$3.6 million to discontinued operations.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company classifies its operations into two business segments: engineered steel bars and aluminum products. The Company's products are marketed to the transportation industry, the commercial and residential building and remodeling industries and the industrial machinery and capital equipment industries.

In April 1997, the Company completed the sale of its LaSalle Steel Company ("LaSalle") subsidiary. LaSalle's results of operations have been classified as discontinued operations and prior periods have been restated. For business segment reporting purposes, LaSalle's data was previously classified as "Cold Finished Steel Bars".

In October 1997, the Company, through its Dutch subsidiary, Piper Europe, purchased the net assets of Advanced Metal Forming C.V., a Dutch limited partnership, for approximately \$30 million. The Company's balance sheet as of October 31, 1997 includes Piper Europe.

In December 1997, the Company completed the sale of its tubing operations ("Tubing Operations"), comprised of Michigan Seamless Tube, Gulf States Tube and the Tube Group Administrative Office. The sale was effective November 1, 1997. Results of these operations have been reclassified as discontinued operations in the prior period and prior periods have been restated. For business segment reporting purposes, Tubing Operations were previously classified as "Steel Tubes". Two small divisions, Heat Treat Division and Nitro Steel Division, which were previously included with this segment, were retained by the Company and are now included in the engineered steel bars segment.

The Company's engineered steel bars business reflected record earnings and sales for the first quarter of 1998. These results were due primarily to higher sales volume, but also reflect the benefits realized from the Company's capital expenditure programs, which have allowed the Company to increase production, enhance quality and manage manufacturing costs.

The Company's aluminum products business experienced an operating loss in the first quarter of 1998 despite higher sales than the same period last year. The Nichols Aluminum division was affected by seasonal and weather-related slowdowns in the homebuilding business and weakened margins with the short-term entry of can stock producers into it's markets. These margins, referred to herein as "price spreads", are a key financial performance indicator in the aluminum products business. Piper Impact continued to experience high start-up costs during the first quarter of 1998 at its new plant due to vendor delays in the delivery of key new equipment.

The Company currently expects that overall business levels for the remainder of fiscal 1998 should be similar to those experienced during 1997. Start-up costs at Piper Impact's new plant are expected to improve with the use of key new equipment. Aluminum products pricing pressures and weaker margins, if they continue, could impact operating results for the remainder of fiscal 1998. The sale of LaSalle in April 1997 and the Tubing Operations in December 1997 will affect income for the remainder of fiscal 1998 by the difference between the amount LaSalle and the Tubing Operations would have earned and the reduction in interest expense as a result of the repayment of debt with the net proceeds from the sale. Domestic and global market factors will impact the Company and any slowdown in the U.S. economy could affect demand and pricing for many of the Company's products. Improved financial results will be dependent upon, among other things, whether the continued strength of the economy can be sustained, improvements in the markets which the Company serves and improvement in the price spreads of aluminum products.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)

The following table sets forth selected operating data for the Company's two business segments:

Three Months Ended

	January 31,	
	1998	1997
		usands)
Engineered Steel Bars: Net Sales Operating income Depreciation and amortization Identifiable assets	\$ 80,091 \$ 11,759 \$ 3,377 \$196,607	\$ 72,487 \$ 9,640 \$ 3,520 \$173,735
Aluminum Products: Net Sales Operating income Depreciation and amortization Identifiable assets	\$101,785 \$ (2,641) \$ 7,156 \$431,965	\$ 99,760 \$ 3,214 \$ 6,070 \$405,124

Consolidated net sales for the three months ended January 31, 1998, were \$181.0 million representing an increase of \$13.0 million, or 8%, when compared to consolidated net sales for the same period last year. The improvement reflects improved sales volume in the Company's engineered steel bar business, sales by Piper Europe and \$3.6 million of sales to discontinued operations reflected as inter-segment sales in the first quarter of last year.

Net sales from the Company's engineered steel bar business for the three months ended January 31, 1998, were \$80.1 million representing an increase of \$7.6 million, or 10%, when compared to the same period last year. The improvements were primarily due to sales volume increases of 9% for the three months ended January 31, 1998, as compared to the same prior year period. The engineered steel bar business sales volume increase is principally due to the continued market strength in the durable goods market, particularly transportation and capital goods, and increased production capacity resulting from capital expansion programs.

Net sales from the Company's aluminum products business for the three months ended January 31, 1998, were \$101.8 million representing an increase of \$2.0 million, or 2%, when compared to the same period last year. Included in the net sales for the first quarter 1998 are \$5.9 million of sales by Piper Europe.

Consolidated operating income for the three months ended January 31, 1998 was \$4.8 million representing a decrease of \$4.2 million, or 47%, when compared to the same period last year. The decrease was due to lower operating earnings from the aluminum products business partly offset by improved earnings in the engineered steel bar business.

Operating income from the Company's engineered steel bar business for the three months ended January 31, 1998, was \$11.8 million representing an increase of \$2.1 million, or 22%, when compared to the same period last year. This improvement was attributable to higher sales due to increased capacity and strong demand.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)

Operating loss from the Company's aluminum products business for the three months ended January 31, 1998, was \$2.6 million compared to operating income of \$3.2 million for the same period last year. The earnings decline in this segment is a result of weakened margins at Nichols Aluminum due to the short-term entry of can stock producers into it's markets as well as continued start-up costs, including higher labor and training expenses and the temporary use of less efficient production processes, at Piper Impact's new plant in New Albany, Mississippi.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$526,000, or 5%, for the three months ended January 31, 1998, as compared to the same period of last year. These changes principally reflect the inclusion of Piper Europe in 1998.

Depreciation and amortization increased by \$954,000, or 10%, for the three months ended January 31, 1998 as compared to the same period of last year. The increase is principally due to increased depreciation at Piper Impact and the inclusion of Piper Europe.

Interest expense decreased by \$1.1 million for the three months ended January 31, 1998, as compared to the same period of 1997 as a result of reducing bank borrowings with proceeds received from the sale of LaSalle and the Tubing Operations.

Capitalized interest increased by \$859,000 for the three months ended January 31, 1998, as compared to the same period of 1997 primarily due to Phase III of the MACSTEEL expansion project and the construction of the new Piper Impact plant in New Albany, Mississippi.

"Other, net" increased \$610,000 for the three months ended January 31, 1998, as compared to the same period of 1997 primarily as a result of increased investment income.

Income from continuing operations declined \$1.1 million, or 32%, as compared to the same period of 1997. The decline was principally due to reduced operating earnings from the Company's aluminum products segment.

Net income was \$15.9 million for the three months ended January 31, 1998, compared to \$4.3 million for the same period of 1997. Included in net income for the first quarter 1998 was \$13.6 million of gain on the sale of discontinued operations, net of taxes.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of
 Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's principal sources of funds are cash on hand, cash flow from operations, and borrowings under an unsecured \$250 million Revolving Credit and Term Loan Agreement ("Bank Agreement"). The Bank Agreement consists of a revolving line of credit ("Revolver"). In July 1997, the term loan provisions of the Bank Agreement expired. The maturity date of the Bank Agreement, however, was extended by one year to July 23, 2002. The Bank Agreement also provides for up to \$25 million for letters of credit, limited to the undrawn amount available under the Revolver. All borrowings under the Revolver bear interest, at the option of the Company, at either (i) the Prime Rate or the Federal Funds Rate plus one percent, whichever is higher, or (ii) a Eurodollar-based Rate. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 1996, the Company entered into interest rate swap agreements, which effectively converted \$100 million of its variable rate debt under the Bank Agreement to fixed rate. Under these agreements, payments are made each quarter based on a fixed rate (\$50 million at 7.025%, and \$50 million at 6.755%) and payments are received each quarter on a LIBOR based variable rate (5.625% at January 31, 1998). Differentials to be paid or received under the agreements are recognized as interest expense. Payments under the swap agreements are tied to the interest periods for the borrowings under the Bank Agreement. The swap agreements mature July 29, 2003. The Bank Agreement contains customary affirmative and negative covenants and requirements to maintain a minimum consolidated tangible net worth, as defined. The Bank Agreement limits the payment of dividends and certain restricted investments. Under the Bank Agreement, at January 31, 1998, there were \$90 million of outstanding Revolver borrowings.

On June 30, 1995, the Company exercised its right under the terms of its Cumulative Convertible Exchangeable Preferred Stock to exchange such stock for an aggregate of \$84,920,000 of its 6.88% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due June 30, 2007("Debentures"). Interest is payable semi-annually on June 30 and December 31 of each year. The Debentures are subject to mandatory annual sinking fund payments sufficient to redeem 25% of the Debentures issued on each of June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2006, to retire a total of 50% of the Debentures before maturity. The Debentures are subordinate to all senior indebtedness of the Company and are convertible, at the option of the holder, into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price of \$31.50 per share.

On April 18, 1997, the Company completed the sale of LaSalle for approximately \$65 million in cash. The proceeds were used to pay down the Company's Revolver.

On October 29, 1997, the Company acquired, through its Dutch subsidiary, Piper Europe, substantially all of the assets of Advance Metal Forming C.V., a Dutch limited partnership, for approximately \$30 million. The acquisition was financed with existing cash and bank borrowings of 35 million Dutch Guilders. Piper Europe's primary source of funds is a stand-alone secured credit facility ("Credit Facility") providing up to 50 million Dutch Guilders ("NLG"). At January 31, 1998, 1 NLG was equal to 0.485 dollars. The Credit Facility consists of a Roll-Over Term Loan, a Medium Term Loan and an Overdraft Facility. The Roll-Over Term Loan provides NLG 15 million for loan periods of 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 months with repayment of outstanding borrowings on October 27, 2002. Interest is payable on the repayment date at the Amsterdam Interbank Offering Rate (AIBOR) plus 90 basis points. In the case of a loan period of twelve months, interest is payable six months after the beginning of the loan period and on the repayment date. The Medium Term Loan provides NLG 15 million at 6.375% payable quarterly in arrears from March 1, 1998, with quarterly repayments of principal in equal amounts of NLG 500 thousand commencing January 1, 1999 through April 1, 2006. The Overdraft Facility provides an aggregate amount of NLG 20 million to cover overdrafts or up to NLG 15 million of loans for a period of one year, subject to annual renewal. Overdrafts bear interest at the Bank's published rate for overdraft facilities plus 1% per annum. Loans under the Overdraft Facility bear interest at AIBOR plus 45 to 55 basis points. The terms of Overdraft Facility loans are selected by Piper Europe to be a period of 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 months. Interest on overdrafts are paid quarterly in arrears. At January 31, 1998, Piper Europe had NLG 32.3 million outstanding under the Credit Facility.

On December 3, 1997, the Company completed the sale of its Tubing Operations for approximately \$30 million in cash. The proceeds were used to improve the Company's debt structure and for investment in the Company's value-added businesses.

On December 22, 1997, the Company renewed its letter of intent to purchase Decatur Aluminum Corp., a Decatur, Alabama based aluminum sheet manufacturer. The acquisition of Decatur Aluminum is subject to certain conditions, including the receipt of necessary governmental approvals, due diligence and the negotiation of a definitive agreement.

At January 31, 1998, the Company had commitments of \$19 million for the purchase or construction of capital assets, primarily relating to the Company's continued expansions at MacSteel and Piper. The Company plans to fund these capital expenditures through cash flow from operations and, if necessary, additional borrowings.

The Company believes that it has sufficient funds and adequate financial sources available to meet its anticipated liquidity needs. The Company also believes that cash flow from operations, cash balances and available borrowings will be sufficient for the foreseeable future to finance anticipated working capital requirements, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, environmental expenditures and dividends.

#### Operating Activities

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended January 31, 1998, was \$11.8 million as compared to a cash use of \$5.7 million during the three months ended January 31, 1997. The increase was principally due to lower working capital requirements from continuing operations, and the elimination of cash used by discontinued operations.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of
 Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)

#### Investment Activities

Net cash provided by investment activities during the three months ended January 31, 1998, was \$16.4 million as compared to cash used in investment activities of \$24.1 million for the same 1997 period. The increase in cash provided by investment activities was principally due to proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations, decreased capital expenditures and the non-recurring payment of the remaining notes related to the Piper acquisition in the 1997 period. The Company estimates that fiscal 1998 capital expenditures will be approximately \$70 to \$80 million.

#### Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities for the three months ended January 31, 1998, was \$11.9 million, primarily consisting of \$10.0 million of repayments of bank borrowings. Cash provided in financing activities for the three months ended January 31, 1997, was \$31.1 million, principally consisting of additional bank borrowings.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income", which is effective for the Company's year ending October 31, 1999. SFAS No. 130 establishes standards for the reporting and displaying of comprehensive income and its components. The Company will be analyzing SFAS No. 130 during 1998 to determine what, if any, additional disclosures will be required.

In June 1997, the FASB issued SFAS No. 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information", which is effective for the Company's year ended October 31, 1999. This statement establishes standards for the reporting of information about operating segments. The Company will be analyzing SFAS No. 131 during 1998 to determine what, if any, additional disclosures will be required.

In February 1998, the FASB issued SFAS No. 132, "Employer's Disclosures about Pensions and Other Postretirement Benefits", which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1997. This statement defines new disclosure requirements for pension and other postretirement benefits in an effort to facilitate financial analysis by adding useful information and deleting disclosures that the FASB considers no longer useful. The Company will be analyzing SFAS No.132 during 1998 to determine what additional disclosures will be required.

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition (Continued)

#### PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT

Certain forward looking information contained herein is being provided in accordance with the provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act. Such information is subject to certain assumptions and beliefs based on current information known to the Company and is subject to factors that could result in actual results differing materially from those anticipated in the forward looking statements contained in this report. Such factors include domestic and international economic activity, prevailing prices of steel and aluminum scrap and other raw material costs, interest rates, the continuation of countervailing import duties on certain of the Company's competitors, construction delays, market conditions for the Company's customers, any material changes in purchases by the principal customers of AMSCO and Piper Impact, environmental regulations and changes in estimates of costs for known environmental remediation projects and situations, world-wide political stability and economic growth, the Company's successful implementation of its internal operating plans, performance issues with key customers, suppliers and subcontractors, and regulatory changes and legal proceedings. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements contained herein will occur or that objectives will be achieved.

#### YEAR 2000

In response to the Year 2000 issue, the Company initiated a project in early 1997 to identify, evaluate and implement changes to its existing computerized business systems. The Company is addressing the issue through a combination of modifications to existing programs and conversions to Year 2000 compliant software. In addition, the Company will be communicating with its major customers, suppliers, and other service providers to determine whether they are actively involved in projects to ensure that their products and business systems will be Year 2000 compliant. Although the Company currently anticipates that it will not incur material expenditures or disruption of operations relating to year 2000 processing issues, if the Company or its customers or vendors are unable to resolve, in a timely manner, any significant processing issues that may arise, such inability could have an adverse effect on the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. Accordingly, the Company plans to devote the necessary resources to resolve all significant year 2000 issues in a timely manner.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6 - Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

Exhibit 11 - Statement re computation of earnings per share.

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule.

A Report on Form 8-K was filed by the Company on December 17, 1997, regarding the completion of the sale of its Tubing Operations and containing certain pro forma financial statements of the Company and notes thereto regarding the sale.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

QUANEX CORPORATION

/s/ Viren M. Parikh

Viren M. Parikh

Controller (Chief Accounting Officer)

Date: March 13, 1998

#### INDEX TO EXHIBITS

### EXHIBITS DESCRIPTION

Exhibit 11 - Statement re computation of earnings per share.

Exhibit 27 - Financial Data Schedule.

## QUANEX CORPORATION COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended January 31,	
	1998	1997
	(Unaudi	ted)
Income from continuing operationsIncome from discontinued operations, net of	\$ 2,293	\$ 3,372
income taxes		954
of income taxes	13,606	
Net income	\$15,899 ======	\$ 4,326 ======
Weighted average shares outstanding-basic	14,085 ======	13,646 ======
Earnings per common share: Basic:		
Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations	\$ 0.16 	\$ 0.25 0.07
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	0.97	
Earnings per common share	\$ 1.13 ======	\$ 0.32 ======
Income from continuing operationsIncome from discontinued operations, net of	\$ 2,293	\$ 3,372
income taxes	13,606	954
Net income	\$15,899	\$ 4,326
Interest on 6.88% convertible subordinated debentures and amortization of related issuance costs, net of applicable income taxes	999(1)	999(1)
Adjusted net income	\$15,899 ======	\$ 4,326 ======
Weighted average shares outstanding-basic Effect of common stock equivalents	14,085	13,646
arising from stock options	199	286
converted to common stock	2,696(1)	2,696(1)
Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted	14,284 ======	13,932 ======
Earnings per common share: Diluted:		
<pre>Income from continuing operations Income from discontinued operations</pre>	\$ 0.16 	\$ 0.24 0.07
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	\$ 0.95	
Earnings per common share	\$ 1.11 ======	\$ 0.31 =====

<sup>(1)</sup> The conversion of the 6.88% subordinated debentures would be antidilutive for the periods presented and therefore, it is not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

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THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE BALANCE SHEET AS OF JANUARY 31, 1998 AND THE INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JANUARY 31, 1998 AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH STATEMENTS.

1,000

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3-M0S
       OCT-31-1998
          NOV-01-1997
            JAN-31-1998
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                70,294
                      0
                  66,665
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                      651,201
              273,406
              679,473
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                      191,482
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                       0
                      7,054
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679,473
                      180,982
            180,982
                        154,282
               154,282
                  ó
                  0
            3,744
               3,527
                  1,234
           2,293
                    0
              13,606
                 15,899
                 1.130
                 1.110
```